

FILTRASORB® 600

Granular Activated Carbon

Applications



Groundwater



Surface Water



Bottle & Brewing



Water Processing



Environmental Water



Food & Beverage



Ultra Pure Water



Remediation Water Treatment

With its enhanced high energy pore structure, FILTRASORB 600 is ideally suited for trace removal applications and offers a significant performance advantage over traditional activated carbon products used in these types of applications.

Specific applications include:

- Removal of MTBE
- Removal of DBCP
- Removal of THMs
- Removal of pesticides and herbicides
- Removal of other organics at concentrations < 1 ppm
- Potable water treatment
- Groundwater treatment
- Ultrapure water treatment
- PFAS treatment

Description

FILTRASORB 600 is a granular activated carbon for the removal of dissolved organic compounds from water and wastewater as well as industrial and food processing streams. These contaminants include taste and odor compounds, organic color, total organic carbon (TOC), and industrial organic compounds such as TCE and PCE.

This activated carbon is made from select grades of bituminous coal through a process known as reagglomeration to produce a high activity, durable, granular product capable of withstanding the abrasion associated with repeated backwashing, hydraulic transport, and reactivation for reuse. Activation is carefully controlled to produce a significant volume of both low and high energy pores for effective adsorption of a broad range of high and low molecular weight organic contaminants.

FILTRASORB 600 is formulated to comply with all the applicable provisions of the AWWA Standard for Granular Activated Carbon (B604) and Food Chemicals Codex. This product may also be certified to the requirements of NSF/ANSI 61 for use in municipal water treatment facilities. Only products bearing the NSF Mark are

certified to the NSF/ANSI 61 - Drinking Water System Components - Health Effects standard. Certified Products will bear the NSF Mark on packaging or documentation shipped with the product.

Features / Benefits

- Produced from a pulverized blend of high quality bituminous coals resulting in a consistent, high quality product.
- Carbon granules are uniformly activated through the whole granule, not just the outside, resulting in excellent adsorption properties and constant adsorption kinetics.
- The reagglomerated structure ensures proper wetting while also eliminating floating material.
- High mechanical strength relative to other raw materials, thereby reducing the generation of fines during backwashing and hydraulic transport.
- Carbon bed segregation is retained after repeated backwashing, ensuring the adsorption profile remains unchanged and therefore maximizing the bed life.
- Reagglomerated with a high abrasion resistance, which provides excellent reactivation performance.
- High density carbon resulting in a greater adsorption capacity per unit volume.

Specifications¹

FILTRASORB 600

Iodine Number, mg/g	850 (min)
Moisture by Weight	2% (max)
Abrasion Number	80 (min)
Trace Capacity Number, mg/g	16 (min)
Screen Size by Weight, US Sieve Series	
On 12 mesh	5% (max)
Through 40 mesh	4% (max)

¹Calgon Carbon test method

Typical Properties*

FILTRASORB 600

Apparent Density (tamped)	0.62 g/cc
Water Extractables	<1%
Non-Wettable	<1%

*For general information only, not to be used as purchase specifications.

Safety Message

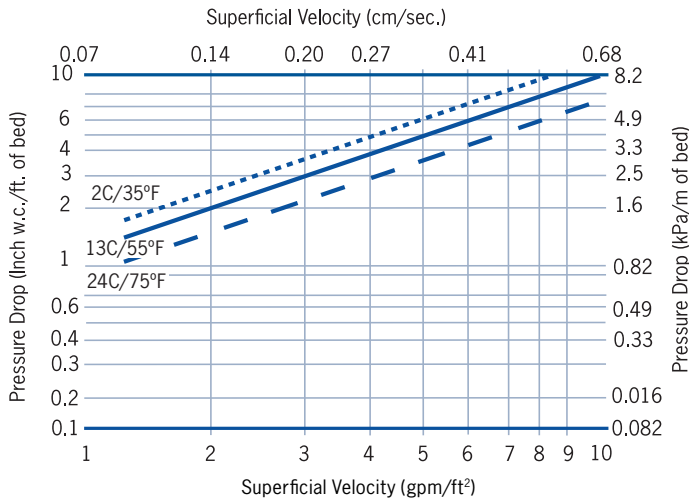
Wet activated carbon can deplete oxygen from air in enclosed spaces. If use in an enclosed space is required, procedures for work in an oxygen deficient environment should be followed.

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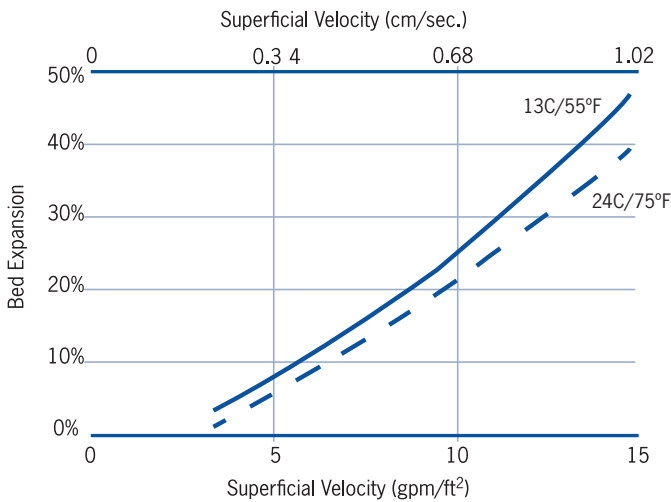
Typical Pressure Drop

Based on a backwashed and segregated bed



Typical Bed Expansion During Backwash

Based on a backwashed and segregated bed



Conditioning and Backwashing

Backwashing and conditioning fresh GAC before placing into operation is critical to GAC performance. The reasons for backwashing before placing fresh media online are to: (1) size segregate the media so subsequent backwashing will return the media to the same relative position in the bed, (2) remove any remaining air from the bed, and (3) remove media fines which can lead to excessive pressure drop and flow restriction. In addition, proper backwashing is a crucial step to collecting the most representative and meaningful post-start up data on compounds of interest, such as metals listed in the NSF/ANSI 61 standard.

Below are the recommended steps for proper conditioning and backwashing of GAC based on Filtrasorb 600 GAC being backwashed at 55°F:

1. Fully submerge GAC bed in clean, contaminant free water for at least 16 hours (overnight)
2. Open backwash inlet and begin up-flow at 4 gpm/ft² for 2 minutes
3. Increase flow to 6 gpm/ft² and maintain for 2 minutes
4. Increase flow to 8 gpm/ft² and maintain for 2 minutes
5. Increase flow to 11 gpm/ft² and maintain for 30 minutes*
6. Decrease flow to 8 gpm/ft² and maintain for 2 minutes
7. Decrease flow to 6 gpm/ft² and maintain for 2 minutes
8. Decrease flow to 4 gpm/ft² and maintain for 2 minutes
9. Close backwash inlet and stop flow

*Duration representative of initial backwash conditions. Required duration during operational backwashes can be shorter but will vary by utility, solids load, and GAC throughput. Contact Calgon Carbon for more information"

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